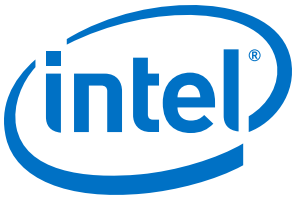

AN822: Intel® Configuration Device Migration Guideline

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Contents

1 Intel® Configuration Device Migration Guideline

This document describes the guidelines for migrating from the Serial Configuration (EPCS) and Quad-Serial Configuration (EPCQ) devices to the Quad-Serial Configuration (EPCQA) devices.

Related Links

- Serial Configuration (EPCS) Devices Datasheet
- Quad-Serial Configuration (EPCQ) Devices Datasheet
- Quad-Serial Configuration (EPCQA) Devices Datasheet

1.1 Migration Considerations

The EPCQA devices are conditionally compatible for a direct migration from EPCQ and EPCS devices.

You must consider the following items to determine the compatibility and the next step of action for a successful device migration.

IP Cores

If you are using Intel® IP cores, you may need to regenerate and recompile your design. In certain conditions, the programming files can be reused without recompilation. Refer to IP Core Compatibility on page 5 for more information about IP core compatibility.

Pins, Package and Capacity

Migration can only be done to an EPCQA device that has sufficient capacity for the programming file and have the same pin count package.

Pin 3 (nRESET) on the EPCQ64A and EPCQ128A devices act as a reset pin. This pin has an internal pull-up and if you do not use the reset function, connect the nRESET pin to either V_{CC} or leave it unconnected. Refer to Pin Information on page 14 for more information about the pin-outs and descriptions.

Figure 1. EPCS to EPCQ Migration Pin Package and Capacity Summary

		To EPCQA				
	Variant	EPCQ4A[1]	EPCQ16A	EPCQ32A	EPCQ64A	EPCQ128A
From EPCS	EPCS1	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
	EPCS4	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
	EPCS16	Yes[2]	Yes	Yes	No	No
	EPCS64	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
	EPCS128	No	No	No	Yes[2]	Yes
From EPCQ	EPCQ16	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
	EPCQ32	No	Yes[2]	Yes	No	No
	EPCQ64	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
	EPCQ128	No	No	No	Yes[2]	Yes

Note:
1. EPCQ4A devices support Active Serial x1 configuration only.
2. Migration is compatible only if the destination EPCQA device has the sufficient capacity for the programming file.

Operation Commands

The dummy clock requirement of the fast read (0Bh) and extended quad input fast read (EBh) commands:

- EPCQ—the dummy clock is configurable with the non-volatile configuration register (NVCR). When the EPCQ is used with a Cyclone® V, Arria® V or Stratix® V device, the dummy clock is configured to be 4, 10 or 12, depending on the byte-addressing mode and ASx1 or ASx4 configuration. However, in EPCQA devices, the dummy clock is fixed at 8 and 6 for fast read and extended quad input fast read respectively. Therefore you must regenerate the programming files, such as `.pof`, `.jic`, and `.rpd`.
- EPCS—the dummy clock is fixed at 8 for fast read, therefore you do not have to regenerate the programming files if all other conditions are met. Refer to IP Core and Programming File Migration Guideline on page 6 for more information about the conditions.

Status Register

Status Register contains the Top/Bottom (TB) bit (bit 5), Block Protect (BP) bits (bit 4, bit 3, bit 2) for sector protection bits. EPCS devices do not have TP bit and some EPCQ device densities have BP3 (bit 6), while bit 6 is reserved in EPCQA devices. Due to this differences, you may need to recompile the programming file if your design uses the sector protect feature. Refer to Status Register on page 20 for more information about status registers and sector protect bits.

Sector Size

All of the EPCS and EPCQ devices have the sector size of 512kb except for EPCS128 which has 2Mb. This impacts the sector erase operation. If the design is erasing the flash during user mode, you must update your design to comply the sector size when migrating from EPCS128 to EPCQ128A. After updating your design, regenerate a new programming file for the EPCQA device.

1.2 Software Migration Guidelines

1.2.1 IP Core Compatibility

Table 1. EPCS to EPCQA Device Migration IP Core Compatibility—Preliminary

IP Core	Compatibility	Condition
ASMI Parallel	Yes/No	• If sector protect is used, refer to Sector Protect on page 20 to determine compatibility. • EPCS128 has different sector size than EPCQ128A, not compatible if sector erase is used.
Serial Flash Controller	Yes/No	
Serial Flash Loader (SFL)	Yes/No	• Compatible for Cyclone V, Arria V and Stratix V devices. • For devices earlier than Cyclone V, Arria V and Stratix V, it is compatible if the **Enhanced SFL**(1) is enabled.
Remote Update	Yes	

Table 2. EPCQ to EPCQA Device Migration IP Core Compatibility—Preliminary

IP Core	Compatibility	Condition
ASMI Parallel	Yes/No	• If sector protect is used, refer to sector protect table comparison to determine compatibility. • Not compatible if read dummy clock is enabled.
ASMI Parallel II	No	—
Serial Flash Controller	No	—
Serial Flash Controller II	No	—
Generic QSPI Controller	No	—
Generic QSPI Controller II	No	—
Serial Flash Loader	Yes/No	• Compatible for Cyclone V, Arria V and Stratix V devices. • For devices earlier than Cyclone V, Arria V and Stratix V, it is compatible if the **Enhanced SFL**(1) is enabled.
Remote Update	Yes	—

Related Links

- Altera Remote Update IP Core User Guide
- Altera ASMI Parallel IP Core User Guide
- Converting .sof to .jic Files in the Quartus Prime Software

(1) Enhanced SFL is an option available in the Serial Flash Loader IP core when using with devices earlier than Cyclone V, Arria V and Stratix V.

- Programming Serial Configuration Devices Using the Quartus Prime Programmer and .jic Files

1.2.2 Programming File Compatibility

Table 3. Programming File Compatibility for EPCS and EPCQ to EPCQA Devices—Preliminary

Refer to IP Core and Programming File Migration Guideline on page 6 for more information about guidelines on incompatible programming files.

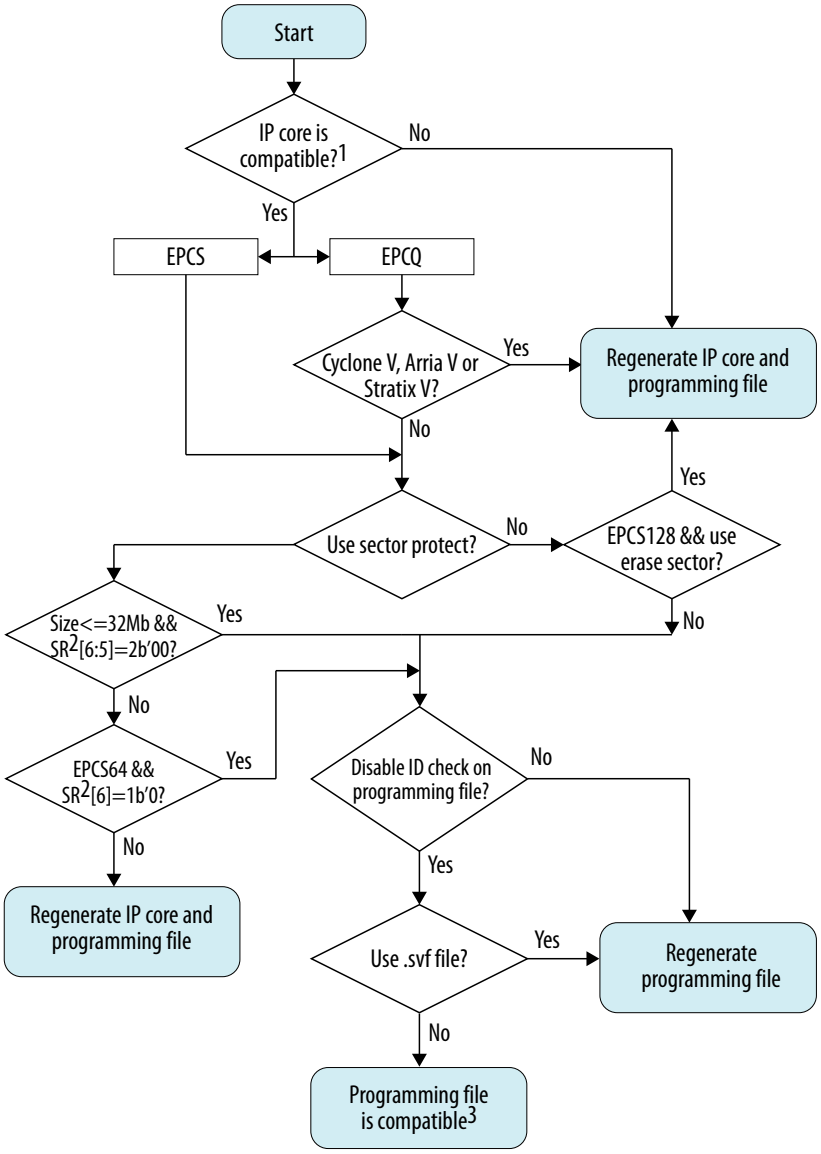
Programming File	Programming File Compatibility	Condition
Programmer Object File (.pof)	Yes/No	• Not compatible when used with Cyclone V, Arria V or Stratix V devices. • Requires disable ID check by enabling the **Disable EPCS/EPCQ ID check**.This option is available in the **Advanced Option** settings of the Convert Programming File tool in Intel Quartus® Prime software.
JTAG Indirect Configuration File (.jic)		
Raw Programming Data (.rpd)		
JAM STAPL File (.jam/.jbc)		
Serial Vector Format (.svf)	No	—

1.2.3 IP Core and Programming File Migration Guideline

Refer to the following diagram to determine the subsequent tasks and guidelines for migration:

- IP core and programming file are incompatible—regenerate IP core and programming file shown in IP Core Regeneration Guideline on page 7.
- Programming file is incompatible—regenerate programming file shown in Programming File Regeneration Guideline on page 8.
- IP core and programming file are compatible—no additional task required and you can reuse the existing programming file.

Figure 2. IP Core and Programming File Compatibility Flow Chart



Notes:
1. Check IP core compatibility in *IP Core Compatibility* section.
2. SR is status register.
3. IP core and programming file can be migrated without regeneration.

1.2.3.1 IP Core Regeneration Guideline

To regenerate the IP core and programming file with the correct settings, perform the following steps:

1. Regenerate the desired IP cores.
   a. If you use the sector protect feature:

- For EPCQ4A, EPCQ16A, and EPCQ32A—ensure the status register bit [6:5] is set to 0.
- For EPCQ64A—ensure the status register bit [6] is set to 0.

b. For EPCS128 to EPCQ128A migration—sector erase must comply to the sector size of EPCQ128A.

Note: Sector size for EPCS128 and EPCQ128A are 2Mb and 512kb respectively.

2. Recompile the configuration bitstream to obtain the `.sof` file.

1.2.3.2 Programming File Regeneration Guideline

To regenerate the programming file with the correct settings, perform the following steps:

1. Convert the `.sof` file to the desired programming file in the Intel Quartus Prime **Convert Programing File** tool and ensure that you:
   - Select the correct EPCQA device you are migrating to.
   - Enable the **Disable EPCS/EPCQ ID check** option. This option is available in the **Advanced Option** settings of the Convert Programming File tool in Intel Quartus Prime software.
   - For migration from EPCS devices—Select AS x1 configuration mode.
2. Program the programming file into EPCQA device using Intel Quartus Prime Programmer.

1.2.4 Software Support for EPCQA Devices

Table 4. Intel Quartus Prime Software Support for EPCQA Devices

Intel Quartus Prime	IP Cores	Programmer and Programming File Generation
Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition 17.1	No	Yes
Intel Quartus Prime Standard Edition 17.1	Yes	Yes

1.3 Specification Comparison

1.3.1 Operating Conditions

The following tables show the general comparison of the EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA operating conditions. For more detailed and up-to-date information, refer to the respective device datasheet.

Table 5. EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices Operating Conditions

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min			Max			Unit
			EPCS	EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQ	EPCQA	
Supply voltage	The maximum V_{CC} rise time is 100 ms.	V_{CC}	2.7			3.6			V
Operating temperature	For industrial use	T_A	-40			85			°C
High-level input voltage	—	V_{IH}	0.6 x V_{CC}	0.7 x V_{CC}(2)		V_{CC} + 0.4			V
Low-level input voltage	—	V_{IL}	-0.5			0.3 x V_{CC}			V
High-level output voltage	I_{OH} =-100µA	V_{OH}	V_{CC} - 0.2			—			V
Low-level output voltage	I_{OL} =100µA	V_{OL}	—			0.2 or 0.4(3)			V

1.3.2 Timing Specifications

The following tables show the general comparison of the EPCS, EPCQ, and EPCQA operation timing. For more detailed and up-to-date information, refer to the respective device datasheet.

Caution: You need to take note of these values to avoid from the migration to fail:

- t_{DH}
- t_{DSU}
- t_{nCLK2D}/t_{CLQV}
- t_{CLQX}(4)

1.3.2.1 Read Operation Timing

Table 6. EPCS and EPCQA Devices Read Operation Timing Parameters

Symbol	Parameter	Capacity	Min		Max		Unit
			EPCS	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQA	
f_{RCLK}	Read clock frequency	All	—	—	20	50	MHz
	Fast read clock frequency	All	—	—	40	100	MHz
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	4 Mb	11	4 or 6(5)	—	—	ns

continued...

(2) The FPGA 2.5V I/O V_{OH} level is insufficient to achieve EPCQ or EPCQA V_{IH} threshold across entire voltage range.

(3) 0.2 V for EPCQ16A, EPCQ32A, EPCQ64A, and EPCQ128A. 0.4 V is for EPCQ4A

(4) Refer to Evaluating Data Setup and Hold Timing Slack on page 23 evaluate the data setup and hold timing slack.

Symbol	Parameter	Capacity	Min		Max		Unit
			EPCS	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQA	
		All others	11	3.4 or 9(6)	—	—	
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	4Mb	11	4 or 6(5)	—	—	ns
		All others	11	3.4 or 9(6)	—	—	
t_{ODIS}	Output disable time after read	All	—	—	8	7	ns
t_{nCLK2D} / t_{CLQV}(7)	Clock falling edge to DATA	4Mb	—	—	8	8	ns
		All others	—	—	8	6	

Table 7. EPCQ and EPCQA Devices Read Operation Timing Parameters

Symbol	Parameter	Capacity	Min		Max		Unit
			EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA	
f_{RCLK}	Read clock frequency	All	—	—	50	50	MHz
	Fast read clock frequency	All	—	—	100	100	MHz
t_{CH}	DCLK high time	All	4	3.4 or 9(6)	—	—	ns
t_{CL}	DCLK low time	All	4	3.4 or 9(6)	—	—	ns
t_{ODIS}	Output disable time after read	All	—	—	8	7	ns
t_{nCLK2D} / t_{CLQV}(7)	Clock falling edge to DATA	All	—	—	7	6	ns

1.3.2.2 Write Operation Timing

Table 8. EPCS and EPCQA Devices Write Operation Timing Parameters

Symbol	Operation	Capacity	Min		Typical		Max		Unit
			EPCS	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQA	
f_{WCLK}	Write clock frequency	All	—		—		25	100	MHz
t_{CH}	DCLK high	4	20	4	—		—		ns
		All others	20	3.4	—		—		
t_{CL}	DCLK low	4	20	4	—		—		ns
		All others	20	4	—		—		
t_{NCSSU}	Chip select (nCS) setup	All	10	5	—		—		ns
t_{NCSH}	Chip select (nCS) hold	All	10	5	—		—		ns
t_{DSU}	DATA[] in setup before DCLK rising edge	All	5	2	—		—		ns

continued...

(5) 4 ns is for normal read and 6 ns is for fast read.

(6) 3.4 ns is for normal read and 9 ns is for fast read.

(7) t_{nCLK2D} is used in EPCS and EPCQ devices while t_{CLQV} is used in EPCQA devices.

Symbol	Operation	Capacity	Min		Typical		Max		Unit
			EPCS	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQA	EPCS	EPCQA	
t_{DH}	DATA[ ] hold time after DCLK rising edge	4	5	5	—		—		ns
		All others	5	3	—		—		
t_{CSH}	Chip select (nCS) high	4	100	100	—		—		ns
		All others	100	10 / 50(8)	—		—		
t_{WB}	Write bytes cycle	1	—		1.5	—	5	—	ms
		4	—		1.5	0.4	5	0.8	ms
		16	—		1.5	0.4	5	3	ms
		32	—		—	0.7	—	3	ms
		64	—		1.5	0.8	5	3	ms
		128	—		2.5	0.7	7	3	ms
t_{WS}	Write status cycle	All	—		5	10	15	15	ms
t_{EB}	Erase bulk cycle	1	—		3	—	6	—	s
		4	—		5	1	10	4	s
		16	—		17	5	40	25	s
		32	—		—	10	—	50	s
		64	—		68	20	160	100	s
		128	—		105	40	250	200	s
t_{ES}	Erase sector cycle	4	—		2	0.15	3	1	s
		All others	—		2	0.15	3	2	s

Table 9. EPCQ and EPCQA Devices Write Operation Timing Parameters

Symbol	Operation	Capacity	Min		Typical		Max		Unit
			EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA	
f_{WCLK}	Write clock frequency	All	—		—		100	100	MHz
t_{CH}	DCLK high	All	4	3.4	—		—		ns
t_{CL}	DCLK low	All	4	4	—		—		ns
t_{NCSSU}	Chip select (nCS) setup	All	4	5	—		—		ns
t_{NCSH}	Chip select (nCS) hold	All	4	5	—		—		ns
t_{DSU}	DATA[ ] in setup before DCLK rising edge	All	2	2	—		—		ns
t_{DH}	DATA[ ] hold time after DCLK rising edge	All	3	3	—		—		ns
t_{CSH}	Chip select (nCS) high	All	50	10 / 50(9)	—		—		ns

continued...

(8) 10ns for read and 50 ns for erase program and write.

Symbol	Operation	Capacity	Min		Typical		Max		Unit
			EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA	
t_{WB}	Write bytes cycle	16	—		0.6	0.4	5	3	ms
		32	—		0.6	0.7	5	3	ms
		64	—		0.6	0.8	5	3	ms
		128	—		0.6	0.7	5	3	ms
t_{WS}	Write status cycle	All	—		1.3	10	8	15	ms
t_{EB}	Erase bulk cycle	16	—		30	5	60	25	s
		32	—		30	10	60	50	s
		64	—		60	20	250	100	s
		128	—		170	40	250	200	s
t_{ES}	Erase sector cycle	All others	—		0.7	0.15	3	2	s
		128	—		0.7	0.15	6	2	s

1.3.3 Operation Codes

The following tables summarize EPCS, EPCQ, and EPCQA operation codes. For more detailed and up-to-date information, refer to the respective device datasheet.

Table 10. EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices Operation Codes Summary

Operation	Operation Code		
	EPCS	EPCQ	EPCQA
Write status	01h		
Write bytes	02h		
Read bytes	03h		
Write disable	04h		
Read status	05h		
Write enable	06h		
Fast read	0Bh		
Read silicon ID	ABh(10)	—	ABh
Read device ID	9Fh(11)	9Fh	9Fh
Erase bulk	C7h		
Erase sector	D8h		
Erase subsector	—	20h	20h

continued...

(9) 10ns for read and 50 ns for erase program and write.

(10) The read silicon ID is available in EPCS1, EPCS4, EPCS16, and EPCS64 devices only.

(11) The read device ID is available in EPCS128 devices only.

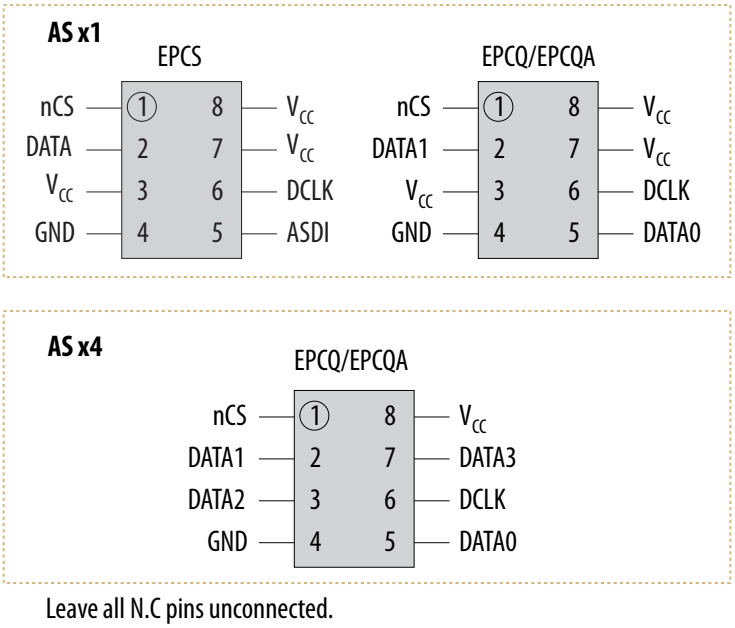
Operation	Operation Code		
	EPCS	EPCQ	EPCQA
Extended dual input fast read	—	BBh	BBh
Extended quad input fast read	—	EBh	EBh
Extended dual input fast write bytes	—	D2h	—
Extended quad input fast write bytes	—	12h	—
Quad input fast write bytes	—	—	32h(12)
Read NVCR	—	B5h	—
Write NVCR	—	B1h	—
4BYTEADDREN	—	B7h	—
4BYTEADDEX	—	E9h	—

(12) Quad input fast write bytes operation is not supported in Intel IP cores.

1.3.4 Pin Information

1.3.4.1 8-pin SOIC Device Pin Information

Figure 3. Pin-Out Diagram for 8-pin SOIC EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices



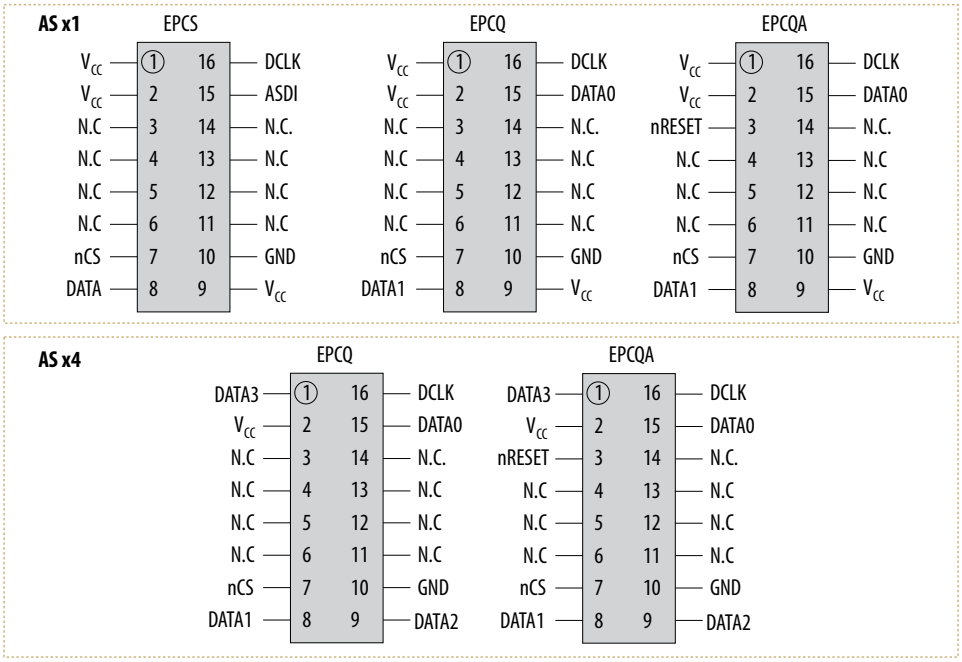
Leave all N.C pins unconnected.

Table 11. Pin Comparison for 8-pin SOIC EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices

Pin Number	AS x1			AS x4	
	EPCS	EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA
1	nCS			nCS	
2	DATA	DATA1		DATA1	
3	V_{CC}			DATA2	
4	GND			GND	
5	ASDI	DATA0		DATA0	
6	DCLK			DCLK	
7	V_{CC}			DATA3	
8	V_{CC}			V_{CC}	

1.3.4.2 16-pin SOIC Device Pin Information

Figure 4. Pin-Out Diagram for 16-pin SOIC EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices



Notes: Leave all N.C pins unconnected.
There is an internal pull-up resistor for the dedicated nRESET pin. If the reset function is not needed, connect this pin to Vcc or leave it unconnected.

Table 12. Pin Comparison for 16-pin SOIC EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices

Pin Number	AS x1			AS x4	
	EPCS	EPCQ	EPCQA	EPCQ	EPCQA
1	V_{CC}			DATA3	
2	V_{CC}			V_{CC}	
3	Not connected		nRESET(13)	Not connected	nRESET(13)
4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13 and 14	Not connected			Not connected	
7	nCS			nCS	
8	DATA	DATA1		DATA1	
9	V_{CC}			DATA2	
10	GND			GND	
15	ASDI	DATA0		DATA0	
16	DCLK			DCLK	

(13) There is an internal pull-up resistor for the dedicated nRESET pin. If the reset function is not needed, connect this pin to V_{CC} or leave it unconnected.

1.3.5 Package Dimensions

1.3.5.1 8-Pin SOIC Device Package Dimensions

Figure 5. Package Dimension Diagram for 8-Pin SOIC Package Devices

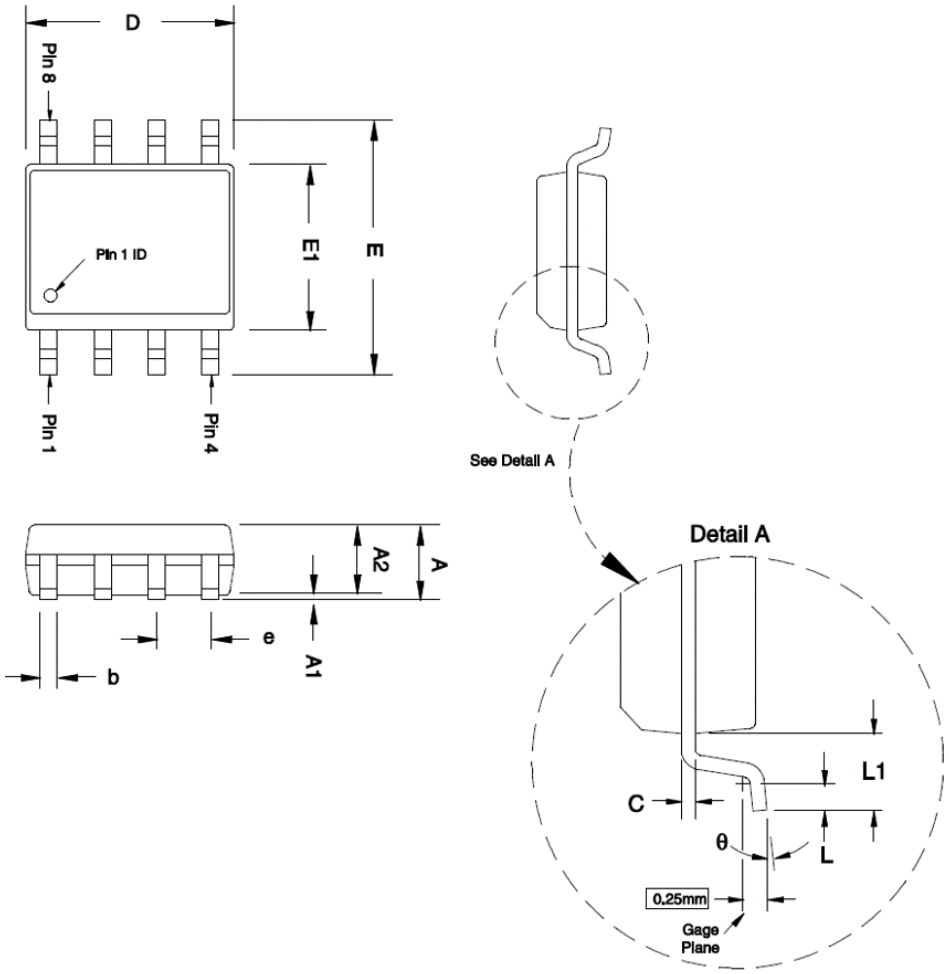


Table 13. Package Dimension Comparison for 8-Pin SOIC Package Devices

Symbol	Min (mm)		Typical (mm)		Max (mm)	
	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA
A	1.35	1.35	—	1.6	1.75	1.75
A1	0.1	0.1	—	0.15	0.25	0.25
A2	1.25	—	—	—	1.65	—
D	—	4.8	4.90 BSC	4.85	—	5
E	—	5.8	6.0 BSC	6	—	6.2
E1	—	3.8	3.90 BSC	3.9	—	4
L	0.4	0.4		0.71	1.27	1.27

continued...

Symbol	Min (mm)		Typical (mm)		Max (mm)	
	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA
L1	—	—	1.04 REF	—	—	—
b	0.31	0.33	—	0.41	0.51	0.51
c	0.17	0.19	—	0.2	0.25	0.25
e	—	—	1.27 BSC	1.27 BSC	—	—
Theta	0	0	—	—	8	10

1.3.5.2 16-Pin SOIC Device Package Dimensions

Figure 6. Package Dimension Diagram for 16-Pin SOIC Package Devices

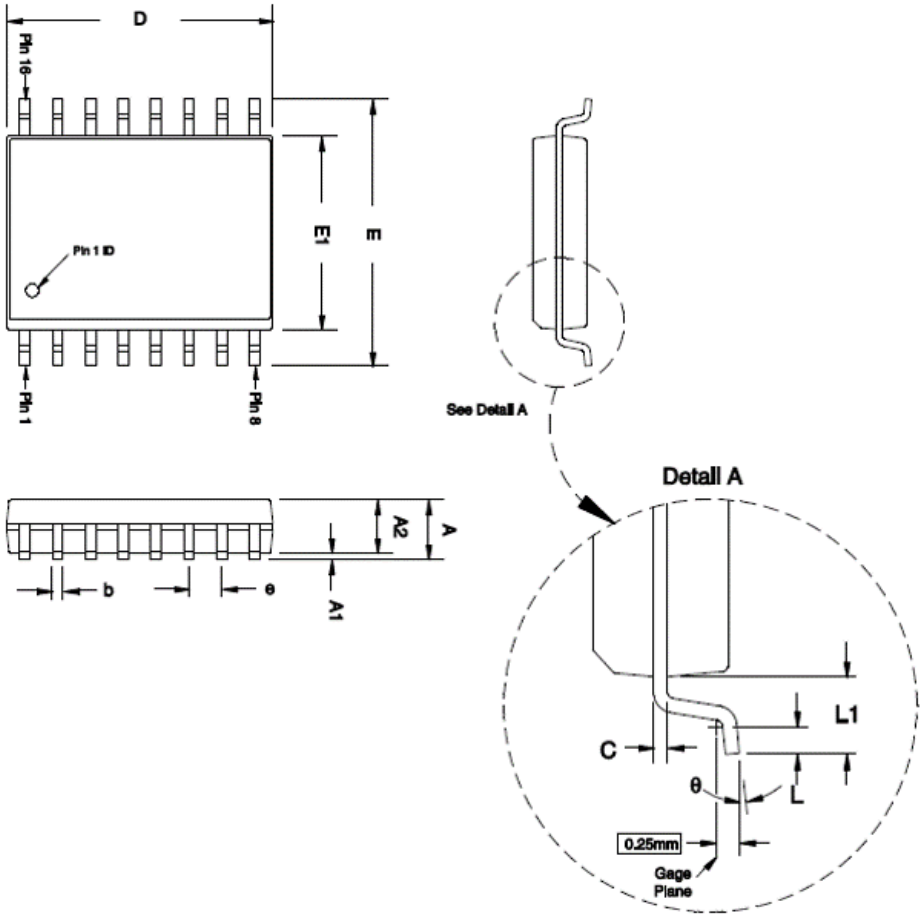


Table 14. Package Dimension Comparison for 16-Pin SOIC Package Devices

Symbol	Min (mm)		Typical (mm)		Max (mm)	
	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA
A	2.35	2.36	—	2.49	2.65	2.64
A1	0.1	0.1	—	—	0.3	0.3
A2	2.05	—	—	2.31	2.55	—
D	—	10.08	10.3 BSC	10.31	—	10.49
E	—	10.01	10.3 BSC	10.31	—	10.64
E1	—	7.39	7.50 BSC	7.49	—	7.59
L	0.4	0.38	—	0.81	1.27	1.27
L1	—	—	1.40 Ref	—	—	—
b	0.31	0.33	—	0.41	0.51	0.51

continued...

Symbol	Min (mm)		Typical (mm)		Max (mm)	
	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA	EPCS/EPCQ	ECPQA
c	0.2	0.18	—	0.23	0.33	0.28
e	—	—	1.27 BSC	1.27 BSC	—	—
Theta	0	—	—	—	8	8

1.3.6 Status Register

Table 15. Status Register Bits for EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices

Bit	Name	Description	R/W	EPCS		EPCQ		EPCQA
				1	4/16/64/128	16/32	64/128	All
7	RSV	Reserved						
6	BP3(14)	Block Protect Bit 3	R/W	No	No	No	Yes	No
5	TB	Top/Bottom Bit	R/W	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	BP2	Block Protect Bit 2	R/W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	BP1	Block Protect Bit 1	R/W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	BP0	Block Protect Bit 0	R/W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
1	WEL	Write Enable Latch	R	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
0	WIP	Write In Progress	R	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1.3.6.1 Sector Protect

Table 16. Sector Protect Comparison for EPCS4 and EPCQ4A Devices

Note: Set TB bit to 0 for backward compatibility.

Status Register				EPCS4	EPCQ4A
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (8 sectors)	
x	0	0	0	None	None
0	0	0	1	7	7
0	0	1	0	6-7	6-7
0	0	1	1	4-7	4-7
1	0	0	1	N/A	0
1	0	1	0	N/A	0-1
1	0	1	1	N/A	0-3
x	1	x	x	All	All

(14) This is a reserved bit in EPCQA device and must be set to 0.

Table 17. Sector Protect Comparison for EPCS16, EPCQ16 and EPCQ16A Devices

Note: Set TB bit to 0 for backward compatibility for migration from EPCS16.

Status Register				EPCS16	EPCQ16	EPCQ16A
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (32 sectors)		
0	0	0	0	None	None	None
0	0	0	1	31	31	31
0	0	1	0	30-31	30-31	30-31
0	0	1	1	28-31	28-31	28-31
0	1	0	0	24-31	24-31	24-31
0	1	0	1	16-31	16-31	16-31
0	1	1	0	All	All	All
0	1	1	1	All	All	All
1	0	0	0	N/A	None	None
1	0	0	1	N/A	0	0
1	0	1	0	N/A	0-1	0-1
1	0	1	1	N/A	0-3	0-3
1	1	0	0	N/A	0-7	0-7
1	1	0	1	N/A	0-15	0-15
1	1	1	0	N/A	All	All
1	1	1	1	N/A	All	All

Table 18. Sector Protect Comparison for EPCQ32 and EPCQ32A Devices

Status Register				EPCQ32	EPCQ32A
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (64 sectors)	
0	0	0	0	None	None
0	0	0	1	63	63
0	0	1	0	62-63	62-63
0	0	1	1	60-63	60-63
0	1	0	0	56-63	56-63
0	1	0	1	48-63	48-63
0	1	1	0	32-63	32-63
0	1	1	1	All	All
1	0	0	0	None	None
1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0-1	0-1
1	0	1	1	0-3	0-3
1	1	0	0	0-7	0-7

continued...

Status Register				EPCQ32	EPCQ32A
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (64 sectors)	
1	1	0	1	0-15	0-15
1	1	1	0	0-31	0-31
1	1	1	1	All	All

Table 19. Sector Protect Comparison for EPCS64, EPCQ64 and EPCQ64A Devices

Note: Set TB bit to 0 for backward compatibility for migration from EPCS64.

Status Register				EPCS64	EPCQ64	EPCQ64A
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (128 sectors)		
0	0	0	0	None	None	None
0	0	0	1	126-127	127	126-127
0	0	1	0	124-127	126-127	124-127
0	0	1	1	120-127	124-127	120-127
0	1	0	0	112-127	120-127	112-127
0	1	0	1	96-127	112-127	96-127
0	1	1	0	64-127	96-127	64-127
0	1	1	1	All	64-127	All
1	0	0	0	N/A	None	None
1	0	0	1	N/A	0	0-1
1	0	1	0	N/A	0-1	0-3
1	0	1	1	N/A	0-3	0-7
1	1	0	0	N/A	0-7	0-15
1	1	0	1	N/A	0-15	0-31
1	1	1	0	N/A	0-31	0-63
1	1	1	1	N/A	0-63	All

Table 20. Sector Protect Comparison for EPCS128, EPCQ128 and EPCQ128A Devices

Status Register				EPCS128(15)	EPCQ128(16)	EPCQ128A(16)
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (64 sectors)		
0	0	0	0	None	None	None
0	0	0	1	63	255	252-255
0	0	1	0	62-63	254-255	248-255
0	0	1	1	60-63	252-255	240-255

continued...

(15) 262144 byte (2MB) per sector

(16) 65536 byte (512KB) per sector

Status Register				EPCS128[15]	EPCQ128[16]	EPCQ128A[16]
TB	BP2	BP1	BP0	Protected Sectors (64 sectors)		
0	1	0	0	56-63	248-255	224-255
0	1	0	1	48-63	240-255	192-255
0	1	1	0	32-63	224-255	128-255
0	1	1	1	All	192-255	All
1	0	0	0	N/A	None	None
1	0	0	1	N/A	0	0-3
1	0	1	0	N/A	0-1	0-7
1	0	1	1	N/A	0-3	0-15
1	1	0	0	N/A	0-7	0-31
1	1	0	1	N/A	0-15	0-63
1	1	1	0	N/A	0-31	0-127
1	1	1	1	N/A	0-63	All

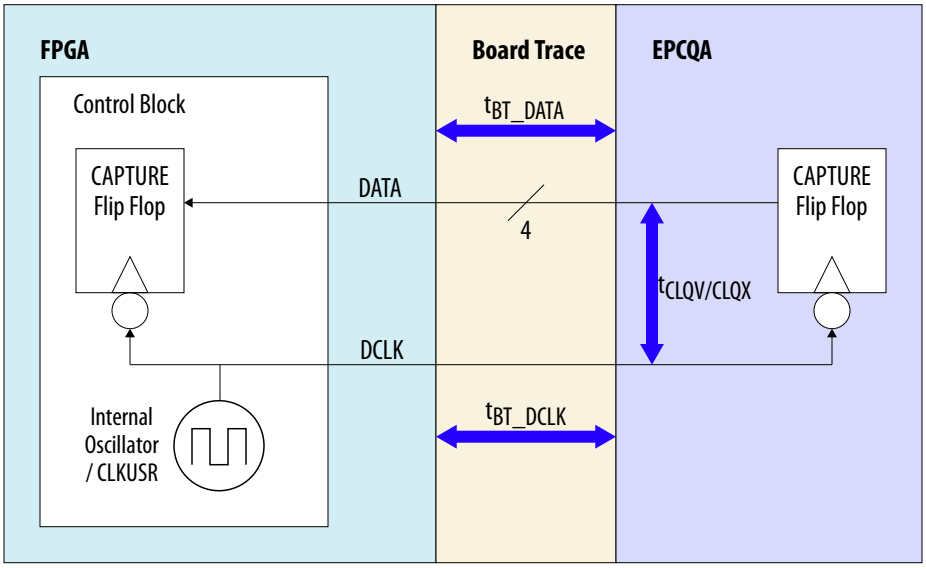
1.4 Evaluating Data Setup and Hold Timing Slack

In AS configuration scheme, the FPGA will initiate the configuration process after POR. During the configuration process, the FPGA issues flash operation commands such as read device ID, normal read and erase bulk. You must ensure that the FPGA is able to read the data correctly from the configuration devices. This is done by ensuring the setup time, t_{DSU} and hold time, t_{DH} meets the requirements explained in the respective FPGA device datasheets. To evaluate the t_{DSU} and t_{DH} in your system, follow the guideline below.

(15) 262144 byte (2MB) per sector

(16) 65536 byte (512KB) per sector

Figure 7. FPGA to EPCQA Board Trace Block Diagram



The data setup timing slack must be equal or larger than the minimum data setup time, t_{DSU}

$t_{DCLK} - (t_{BT\_DCLK} + t_{CLQV} + t_{BT\_DATA}) \geq t_{DSU}$

The hold timing slack must be equal or larger than the minimum data hold time, t_{DH}:

$t_{BT\_DCLK} + t_{CLQX} + t_{BT\_DATA} \geq t_{DH}$

- t_{DCLK} = Period for a DCLK cycle
- t_{BT_DCLK} = Board trace propagation delay for DCLK from FPGA to EPCQA
- t_{CLQV} = Clock low to output valid
- t_{CLQX} = Output hold time
- t_{BT_DATA} = Board trace propagation delay for Data from EPCQA to FPGA
- t_{DSU} = Minimum data setup time required by FPGA
- t_{DH} = Minimum data hold time required by FPGA

Related Links

Quad-Serial Configuration (EPCQA) Devices Datasheet

1.5 Document Revision History

Date	Version	Changes
January 2018	2018.01.11	Edited the 2.5V I/O note in *EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices Operating Conditions* table.
December 2017	2017.12.15	Updated t $_{nCLK2D}$ / t_{CLQV} for EPCQA device in *EPCS and EPCQA Devices Read Operation Timing Parameters* table.

continued...

Date	Version	Changes
August 2017	2017.08.14	• Updated Pin 1 in *16-pin SOIC Device Pin Information*. • Updated condition for Low-level output voltage in *EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Devices Operating Conditions*.
August 2017	2017.08.04	Updated minimum value for Low-level output voltage in *EPCS, EPCQ and EPCQA Device Operating Conditions.*.
August 2017	2017.08.02	Initial release.